

#### GIVI MISURE s.r.l.

Via Assunta 57 - 20054 NOVA MILANESE (MI) ITALY TEL.+39 0362.36.61.26 FAX +39 0362.36.68.76

_		www.givi	imisure.it sales@givimisure.it
Code	Project	Release	Title
ST04	A40	D	TECHNICAL DATASHEET

## MAGNETIC TRANSDUCER MTV M

## **GENERAL FEATURES**

- Small overall dimensions of the TRANSDUCER.
- MAGNETIC BAND MP200 is composed of a magnetic strip, which is polarized at regular distances of 2+2 mm and supported by a stainless steel tape. Extremely easy to mount on the



### **MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL FEATURES**

#### **MECHANICAL**

- Die-cast transducer.
- Double fixing system transducer with M4 screw thread or with M3 through screws.
- Wide mounting tolerances.

#### **ELECTRICAL**

- Very flexible power cable.
- High stability of signals.
- For applications where max. speed exceeds 1 m/s, the use of a "special cable" is requested.

CABLE (2 meters standard length)		
Minimum bending radius 60 mm	8 CORES Ø 5.3 mm	
CONNECTIONS	LINE DRIVER	
GREEN	Α	
ORANGE	$\frac{A}{\overline{A}}$	
WHITE	В	
SKY BLUE	B	
BROWN	Z	
YELLOW	Z	
RED	V +	
BLUE	V -	
SHIELD		

The sensor is normally supplied with a 2 m cable.

It is possible to require longer cables, considering the following maximum available length.

 $L_{MAX} = 10 \text{ m}$ (sensor cable);

 $L_{MAX}$  = 100 m (2 m sensor cable + cable extension\*).

Code MTV M			
Reference signal	constant pitch every 2 mm (C) external (E)		
Pole pitch	2+2 mm		
Resolution	up to 0.5 μm** ± 15 μm		
Accuracy***			
Repeatability	± 1 increment		
Cable	8 cores		
Output signals	1 Vpp		
Measuring frequency	6 kHz <sub>MAX</sub>		
Sensor - magnetic band distance	see drawings		
Power supply	5 ÷ 28 Vdc ± 5%		
Current consump. without load	90 mA <sub>MAX</sub>		
Current consumption with load	110 mA <sub>MAX</sub> (with 5 V and Zo = 120 $\Omega$ )		
Phase displacement	90° ± 5° electrical		
Speed	12 m/s <sub>MAX</sub>		
Vibration resistance	300 m/s <sup>2</sup> [55 ÷ 2000 Hz]		
Shock resistance	1000 m/s <sup>2</sup> (11 ms)		
Protection class	IP 67		
Operating temperature	0° ÷ 50°C		
Storage temperature	-20° ÷ 80°C		
Relative humidity	100% (not condensed)		
Weight of transducer	40 g		
Electrical protections	inversion of power supply polarity and short-circuits on output port		

Cable extension with power supply conductor section of 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup>.

Depending on CNC division factor.

#### ORDERING CODE

MTV	M = 2+2mm	2K = 2mm	C = constant nitch	<b>528\/</b> - 5.28\/	S = sinusoidal	M01/N = 1m	SC = without conn
MTV	М	2K	С	528V	S	M02/N	SC
MODEL	PITCH	PERIOD	ZERO MARKER	POWER SUPPLY	OUTPUT	CABLE	CONNECTION

E = external

M02/N = 2mC3 = C3 M10/N = 10m **C4** = C4

## Example OF MAGNETIC SENSOR MTV M2KC 528VS M02/N SC

	D00 (D)	COTTO	- 4/0
Mod.GQ067	P02 (B)	) ST	Pag. 1/2

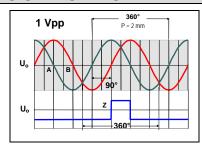
In order to obtain this accuracy value, it is necessary to respect the alignment tolerance values prescribed by Manufacturer. Better accuracy results can be obtained by reducing the gap between the sensor and the magnetic band.



#### GIVI MISURE s.r.l.

Ī	Code	Project	Release	Title
	ST04	A40	D	TECHNICAL DATASHEET

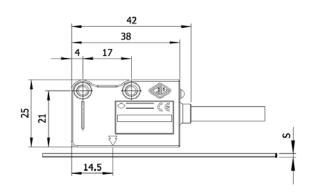
## **OUTPUT SIGNALS DIAGRAM**

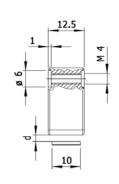


A and B amplitude	0.6 Vpp ÷ 1.2 Vpp typical 1 Vpp	
Z amplitude	0.25 V ÷ 0.6 V (usable part)	
A and B phase displacement	90° ± 10° electrical	
Reference voltage U <sub>o</sub>	2.5 V	

Signal amplitude is referred to a differential measurement made with 120  $\Omega$  impedance, with power supply voltage to the transducer of 5 V  $\pm\,5\%.$ 

## SENSOR DIMENSIONS

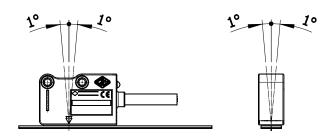


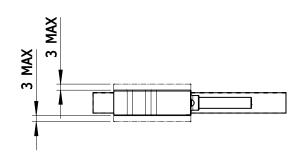


S(mm	MP200	MP200+CV103	MP200+SP202
	1.3	1.6	2.1
d(mm	0.3÷1.5	1.2 <sub>MAX</sub>	0.7 <sub>MAX</sub>

d → distance between sensor and top side of S

## **ALIGNMENT TOLERANCES SENSOR-STRIP**





## **INSTALLATION AND HANDLING**

# RECOMMENDED MAGNETIC BAND FIXING

- Remove grease from the surfaces by using alcohol and give a finishing touch by using a dry cloth.
- 2. Fix the magnetic band.
- 3. Fix the cover strip.

After 48 hours the best adhesion will be obtained.

#### WHAT TO AVOID

- All mechanical reworks (cutting, drilling, face milling etc.).
- All modifications of the body of slider.
- 3. All mishandling.
- 4. Impacts and external stress.
- Exposure to external magnetic fields.

